



106 **SPECIES OF BIRDS**

including 3 endangered (e.g. Madagascar grebe) and 8 vulnerable (e.g. Madagascar rail, Madagascar red owl)



SPECIES OF LEMURS

including 3 critically endangered (e.g. Indri indri), 2 endangered (e.g. Aye-aye), and 6 vulnerable (e.g. red-bellied lemur)



SPECIES OF REPTILES

including 1 endangered chameleon species of the genus Brookesia

SPECIES

including 1 endangered



SPECIES OF BATS

including 2 vulnerable (e.g. Madagascar flying fox)



45 **SPECIES OF**

AMPHIBIANS including 5 endangered and

2 vulnerable



SPECIES OF CARNIVORANS

including 4 vulnerable (e.g. fossa, Malagasy civet)



SPECIES OF PLANTS

including 329 endemic to Madagascar: **1** critically endangered, 4 endangered, 2 vulnerable and 2 local endemic

Category: National Park, Category II

Manager: Madagascar National Parks

(MNP)

Area: 15,480 ha

Geolocation: Province of Toamasina;

Region of Alaotra Mangoro; District of Moramanga

International label: Key Biodiversity Area (KBA), Important Bird Area (IBA)

Start of FAPBM grants: 2023

FLAGSHIP SPECIES

Mantadia National Park is part of the Eastern ecoregion, which is among the most species-rich areas in the country. The park's mid-altitude dense moistevergreen forest has a high biological diversity, including the largest lemur species in Madagascar, Indri indri, a rare frog species, and various orchids.



OF OTHER MAMMALS

PROTECTED AREA SPECIFICITIES

LANDSCAPES AND HABITATS



Mid-altitude dense moistevergreen forest, rocky vegetation, mosaic of culture, shrubland, and secondary forest.

PRESSURES AND THREATS



Deforestation for shifting cultivation and land grabbing, fires, illegal logging, collection of non-timber forest products.

ECONOMIC VALUE

It is one of the most visited protected areas (PA) of the System of Protected Areas of Madagascar (SAPM), representing an employment opportunity and a significant source of income for local communities. It also serves as a source of drinking water for neighboring villages.

LOCAL COMMUNITIES **INITIATIVES**

Like all PAs managed by MNP, the management of Mantadia National Park is a collaborative comanagement with the participation of members of local communities in conservation and development activities. They are brought together in the CLPs (Local Park Committees) and COSAPs (Protected **Areas Orientation and Support Committee).**

FAPBM'S EFFORTS AND RESULTS

For PAs managed by MNP, FAPBM secures part of salary costs and operating expenses for the management unit.











www.fapbm.org

Created in 2005, the Madagascar Protected Areas and Biodiversity Fund (FAPBM) is a Malagasy trust fund dedicated to the conservation of Madagascar's **biodiversity.** It is an innovative and sustainable financing mechanism for Madagascar's Protected Areas System (SAPM).