





SPECIES OF FISHES



SPECIES
OF MARINE
MAMMALS



SPECIES OF CORALS



SPECIES OF BIRDS

including **1** critically endangered (Madagascar Fish Eagle or Ankoay), **1** endangered



SPECIES OF PLANTS

pLANTS
including
28 endemic to
Madagascar:
2 endangered (e.g.
Bozy baobab),
2 vulnerable and
1 locally endemic
species





SPECIES OF LEMURS



SPECIES OF OTHER MAMMALS



SPECIES OF AMPHIBIANS

including **1**endangered and **1** locally endemic
species classified as
critically endangered



SPECIES

OF REPTILES

including
1 endangered,
1 vulnerable,
2 locally endemic
and 5 species of
marine turtles:
1 critically
endangered
(hawksbill turtle),
1 endangered
(green turtle),
3 vulnerable (e.g.
olive ridley turtle)

FLAGSHIP SPECIES

Start of FAPBM grants: 2023

Category: National Park, Category II

Manager: Madagascar National Parks

Geolocation: Province of Antsiranana:

International label: Key Biodiversity

Area (KBA), Important Bird Area (IBA)

(MNP)

Area: 125,471 ha

Antsiranana II

Region of Diana; District of

Nosy Hara National Park represents specific habitats such as coral reefs, mangroves, seagrass beds, and islets. These places are renowned as a nesting site for marine turtles of the Indian Ocean, feeding areas for threatened species such as the Dugong or the Fishing eagle, and as a refuge and breeding ground for the fish species in the park. Nosy Hara also houses the beautiful and intact coral reefs of the Mozambique Channel. having both terrestrial and marine ecosystems, the park presents various important habitats as well as a variety of fauna and flora.



PROTECTED AREA SPECIFICITIES

LANDSCAPES AND HABITATS



Reefs, lagoon and patch reef seagrass beds, mangroves, islets, tsingy, dense dry forest, xerophilic rock vegetation, semi-deciduous moistevergreen forest, dwarf littoral thicket, marshy grassland, xerophylic thicket, secondary grasslands.

PRESSURES AND THREATS



Fire, poaching of sea turtles, overfishing, unregulated fishing, charcoal production, erosion.

ECONOMIC VALUE

It is a zone for sustainable fishing and reproduction of marine resources. It is also a zone for the development of ecotourism.

LOCAL COMMUNITIES INITIATIVES

Like all Protected Areas (PAs) managed by MNP, the management of the Nosy hara National Park is a collaborative co-management with the participation of members of local communities in conservation and development activities. They are brought together in the CLPs (Local Park Committees) and COSAPs (Orientation and Support of Protected Areas Committees).



For PAs managed by MNP, FAPBM secures part of salary costs and operating expenses for the management unit.



Brookesia micra © Tony











www.fapbm.org