



SPECIES OF BATS including 1 vulnerable



SPECIES OF AMPHIBIANS



SPECIES

including 1 critically endangered (Verreaux's sifaka), 2 endangered, 2 vulnerable, and **1** locally endemic species also endangered



OF LEMURS



SPECIES

including 3 vulnerable



OF REPTILES



SPECIES OF OTHER MAMMALS

including **1** vulnerable

Category: National Park, Category II

Manager: Madagascar National Parks

(MNP)

Area: 36,308 ha

Geolocation: Province of Toliara; Region of Atsimo Andrefana; Districts of Sakaraha and Ankazoabo Sud

International label: Key Biodiversity Area (KBA), Important Bird Area (IBA)

Start of FAPBM grants: 2023



FLAGSHIP SPECIES

The Zombitse Vohibasia National

Park belongs to the Western ecoregion, where flora and vegetation are significantly influenced by variations in soil types and geology. It exhibits remarkable diversity in both habitats and biodiversity. The park's forest is divided into several forest blocks and harbors typical floristic species of the spiny thicket and dense dry forest. In terms of fauna, Zombitse Vohibasia has a locally endemic lemur species, the Hubbard's sportive lemur.

SPECIES

OF BIRDS

including

3 endangered (e.g.,

Madagascar grebe),

and 3 vulnerable

SPECIES OF

CARNIVORANS

including 1 vulnerable (fossa)

SPECIES OF **PLANTS**

including 214 endemic to Madagascar, **5** endangered and 2 vulnerable and 2 locally endemic species

PROTECTED AREA SPECIFICITIES

LANDSCAPES AND HABITATS



Semi-deciduous dense moistevergreen forest, marshes and peatbogs, secondary grasslands and pastures, mosaic of culture with secondary thickets.

PRESSURES AND THREATS



Slash-and-burn agriculture, thicketfires, illegal sapphire mining, hunting, collection of non-timber forest products, poaching.

ECONOMIC VALUE

Hydrological source supplying the Southwest region and protection of the hydrographic networks of the peripheral zone of the Protected Areas (PA).

LOCAL COMMUNITIES INITIATIVES

Like all PAs managed by MNP, the management of Zombitse Vohibasia National Park is a collaborative co-management with the participation of members of local communities in conservation and development activities. They are brought together in the CLPs (Local Park Committees) and COSAPs (Protected Areas Orientation and Support Committees).



For PAs managed by MNP, **FAPBM secures** part of salary costs and operating expenses for the management unit.



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Created in 2005, the Madagascar Protected Areas and Biodiversity Fund (FAPBM) is a Malagasy trust fund dedicated to the conservation of Madagascar's biodiversity. It is an innovative and sustainable financing mechanism for Madagascar's Protected Areas System (SAPM).

Furcifer verrucosus, the warty chameleon © MNP

epileurmur © MNP